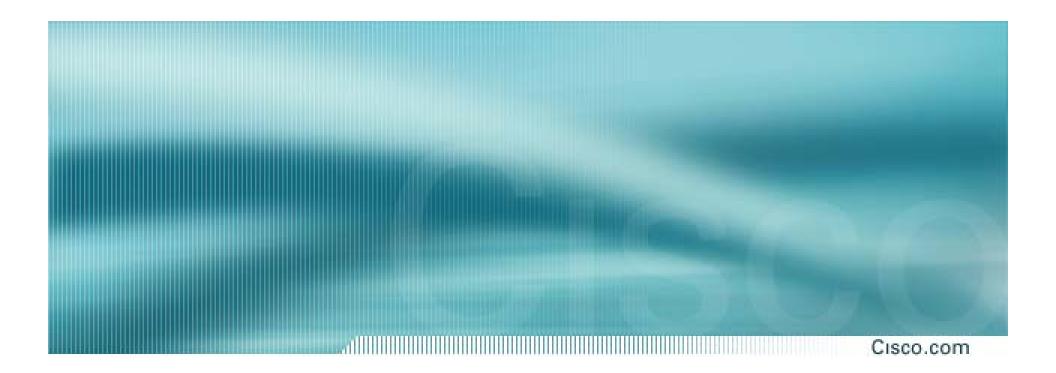
# CISCO SYSTEMS



## csco\_config eVC Overview

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March 2006

## **Agenda**

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Benefits	Theory	Usage	Legacy	

- Benefits
- Theory of Operation
- Usage Model
- Legacy Support

## The Requirements

Benefits Theory Usage Legacy

- Provide all three of the following
  - Have a config struct that contains all the control information (besides individual data items) for an eVC
  - Allow constraints in the config struct of a higher level unit to constrain values in the config struct of a lower level unit
  - Allow re-generation of all the configs in a branch of the unit tree during the run

#### The Problem

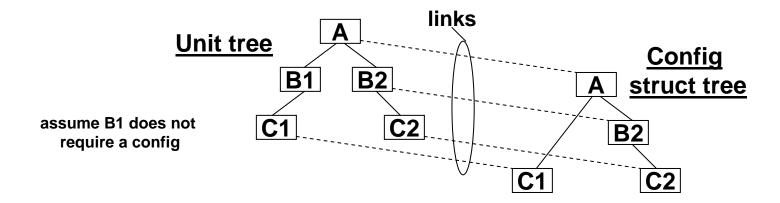
Benefits Theory Usage Legacy

 Specman generator uses only constraints found in or below the struct/unit being generated

```
unit A_u {
        config : A config s ;
                                                   This constraint will not be applied ...
        B : B u is instance ;
        keep B.config.x < config.x 7
      struct A_config_s {
         x : byte ;
      unit B u {
        config : B_config_s ;
        reset_unit() is also {
           gen config ;
                                                 ... if config is re-generated at this level
      struct B config s {
        x : byte ;
      };
Base Env
                 © 2005, Cisco Systems, Inc. All rights reserve
```

## Separate Config Tree From Unit Tree

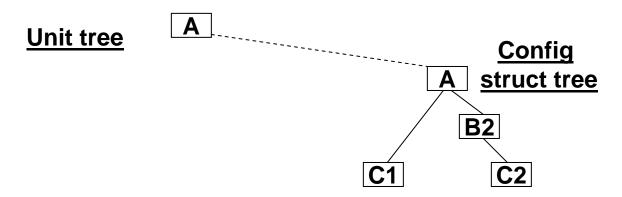
Benefits Theory Usage Legacy



- Macros for specifying definition and hierarchy
- Links updated on reset/regeneration

#### **Tree in Pre-run Generation**

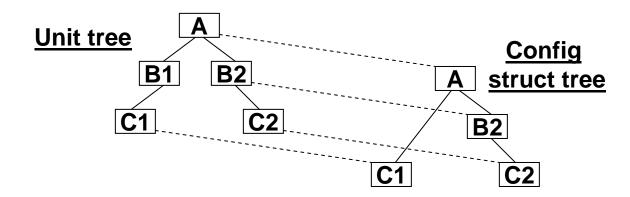
Benefits Theory Usage Legacy



1. Entire config tree starting with A is generated when unit A is generated.

#### **Tree in Pre-run Generation**

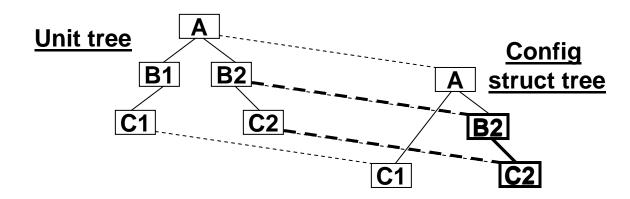
Benefits Theory Usage Legacy



2. As each unit in the unit tree is generated, it establishes the link to its config struct

## **Branch Being Regenerated**

Benefits Theory Usage Legacy



 If B2 config is regenerated, its leaf C2 is also regenerated and then their links are updated

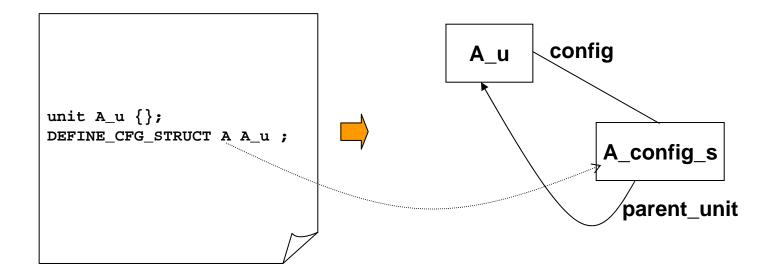
## **Usage**

Benefits Theory Usage Legacy
eVC Creator TB Integrator Testcase Writer

- Description organized by typical user
  - eVC creator who is developing the units that make up a component
  - testbench integrator who is building an environment by combining the components
  - testcase writer who is adding direction to an existing environment

## **DEFINE\_CFG\_STRUCT**

Benefits	Theory	Usage	Legacy
	eVC Creator	TB Integrator	<b>Testcase Writer</b>



## **Constraints Based on Config Fields**

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Benefits	Theory	Usage	Legacy
	eVC Creator	TB Integrator	<b>Testcase Writer</b>

- Constrain unit fields based on config fields
  - keep unit\_field < read\_only(config\_field);</p>
- These constraints go in the unit, not in the config struct
- In general, do not duplicate configinformation in the unit

## **Making Copies of Config Fields**

Benefits Theory Usage Legacy

eVC Creator TB Integrator Testcase Writer

 Copy the config field in the unit if that field is necessary for subtyping the unit

```
unit A_u {};
DEFINE_CFG_STRUCT A A_u ;
                                           Add subtyping field to config
type A color t : [RED, BLUE]
extend A config s {
                                      Also add field to unit with "!" and extend
  color : A color t ;
};
                                 assign cfg shadow values() to assign value from
extend A_u {
                                                   the config field
  !color : A_color_t ;
  assign cfg shadow values() is also {
    color = config.color ;
  };
extend RED A u ...
```

## **Methodology – Config Mode**

Cisco.com

Benefits	Theory	Usage	Legacy
	eVC Creator	TB Integrator	<b>Testcase Writer</b>

#### **Macro creates**

# type A\_config\_mode\_t : [] ; extend A\_config\_s { config\_mode : A\_config\_mode\_t ; };

#### Suggested usage example

```
extend A_config_mode_t : [MODE1] ;
extend MODE1 A_config_s {
  keep x in [1..4] ;
  keep y in [6..9] ;
};
```

 This is a suggestion only – the package does not require or enforce the use of the config mode

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## Methodology – Mode Type

Cisco.com

Benefits	Theory	Usage	Legacy
	eVC Creator	TB Integrator	<b>Testcase Writer</b>

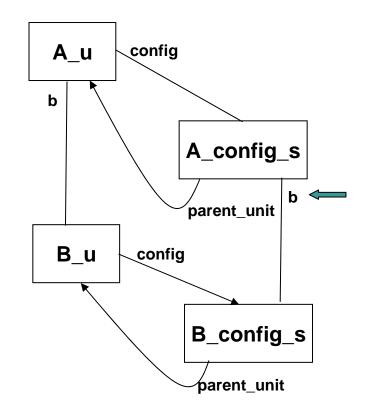
 The eVC creator may want to create additional similar fields to represent orthogonal configuration patterns

```
type A_config_mode_b_t : [BMODE1] ;
extend A_config_s {
  config_mode_b : A_config_mode_b_t ;
};
extend BMODE1 A_config_s {
  keep a < b ;
};</pre>
```

## INSTANCE\_CFG

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Benefits	Theory	Usage	Legacy
	eVC Creator	TB Integrator	<b>Testcase Writer</b>



## INSTANCE\_CFG\_LIST

Cisco.com

Benefits	Theory	Usage	Legacy
	eVC Creator	TB Integrator	<b>Testcase Writer</b>

```
unit B_u {};
DEFINE_CFG_STRUCT B B_u ;
                                                           config
                                                   A u
unit A_u {b : list of B_u is instance;};
DEFINE_CFG_STRUCT A A_u ;
                                                   b
INSTANCE_CFG_LIST begin
  config_inst_name = b,
  child_config_type = B_config_s,
                                                                 A_config_s
  parent_config_type = A_config_s,
  parent_unit_type = A_u,
                                                                            b (list)
  child_unit_type = B_u
                                                                 parent unit
end;
                                                  Bu
                                                            config
                                                                  B_config_s
                                                                  parent_unit
```

## USE\_PARENT\_CFG

Cisco.com

Benefits	Theory	Usage	Legacy
	eVC Creator	TB Integrator	<b>Testcase Writer</b>

```
unit B_u {};
                                                      config
                                             A u
DEFINE_CFG_STRUCT B B_u ;
unit A_u {b : B_u is instance;};
DEFINE_CFG_STRUCT A A_u ;
USE_PARENT_CFG begin
 parent_config_type = A_config_s,
                                                           A_config_s
 parent_unit_type = A_u,
 child_unit_type = B_u,
 child unit path = b
                                                             /parent_unit
end;
                                                      config
                                              Bu
```

## USE\_PARENT\_CFG\_LIST

Cisco.com

Benefits	Theory	Usage	Legacy
	eVC Creator	TB Integrator	<b>Testcase Writer</b>

```
unit B_u {};
                                                          config
                                                  A u
DEFINE_CFG_STRUCT B B_u ;
unit A_u {b : list of B_u is instance;};
DEFINE_CFG_STRUCT A A_u ;
USE_PARENT_CFG_LIST begin
  parent_config_type = A_config_s,
                                                                A_config_s
  parent_unit_type = A_u,
  child_unit_type = B_u,
  child unit path = b
                                                                 /parent_unit
end ;
                                                          config
                                                  Bu
```

## **Hierarchical Config Constraints**

Benefits Theory Usage Legacy
eVC Creator TB Integrator Testcase Writer

- Constraints relating values in a lower level of the config tree to those in a higher level should always be in the higher level config struct
  - Do not constrain config values from the unit tree

## **Instancing Subtyped Units**

Benefits Theory Usage Legacy
eVC Creator TB Integrator Testcase Writer

## For INSTANCE\_CFG make sure subtypes are consistent

```
extend HOT A_u {
    b : BIG B_u;
};
INSTANCE_CFG begin
    config_inst_name = b,
    child_config_type = BIG B_config_s,
    parent_config_type = HOT A_config_s,
    parent_unit_type = HOT A_u,
    child_unit_type = BIG B_u
end;

Because unit is instanced as BIG subtype...
    ...must have the BIG subtype used for the
    child_config_type
    child_config_type
    child_unit_type = BIG B_u
end;
```

## **Instancing Subtyped Units**

Benefits Theory Usage Legacy
eVC Creator TB Integrator Testcase Writer

## For USE\_PARENT\_CFG, constrain config field that defines subtype

```
extend HOT A_u {
    b : BIG B_u;
};

USE_PARENT_CFG begin
    parent_config_type = HOT A_config_s,
    parent_unit_type = HOT A_u,
    child_unit_type = BIG B_u,
    child_unit_path = b
end;
extend HOT A_config_s {
    keep B_size == BIG ;
};
...must constrain the config field for B_size to BIG

**Must constrain the config field for B_size to BIG

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```

## REGEN\_CFG\_BRANCH

**eVC** Creator

Benefits Theory Usage Legacy

**TB** Integrator

**Testcase Writer** 

- See the Word doc for details
- REGEN\_CFG\_BRANCH sys.A.config.b
  - To regenerate a branch of the config tree, must pass a full path from sys to the macro

Reason: Specman generator will not use all of the hierarchical constraints unless all the units that contain them are in the gen context

## REGEN\_CFG\_BRANCH

Benefits Theory Usage Legacy

eVC Creator TB Integrator Testcase Writer

- The full path must contain the root of the config tree
  - Do not use the path through the unit tree to the unit that contains the config to be regenerated

Reason: The config reference in the unit is constrained to point to the existing config tree, so it will not change under regen.

## REGEN\_CFG\_BRANCH Placement

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Benefits	Theory	Usage	Legacy
	eVC Creator	TB Integrator	<b>Testcase Writer</b>

### Testbench integrator

- may call REGEN\_CFG\_BRANCH in a method triggered by reset\_unit() (in a tb-specific, non-reusable file)
- Testcase writer
  - may call REGEN\_CFG\_BRANCH in the body of a test that does OIR

## **Test Writing Methodology**

Cisco.com

Benefits	Theory	Usage	Legacy
	eVC Creator	TB Integrator	<b>Testcase Writer</b>

- constrain everything besides sequence data in config struct
  - extend XXX a\_config\_s { keep yyy == 5 };
- use config\_mode whenever possible
  - extend XXX a\_config\_s {
     keep config\_mode in [MODEA, MODEB];
    };

## **Legacy Support**

Benefits Theory Usage Legacy

- No restrictions on legacy code coexisting with code using csco\_config.
- Recommendations if OIR (regeneration) required for legacy code
  - Edit legacy code, move config fields into csco\_config structs
  - 2. Create a csco\_config struct external to the legacy units and copy the config fields into this new struct

